**Chapter Eight**

**Study Guide**

**Inventions**

Thomas Edison:

Washington Carver:

Wright Brothers:

Alexander Graham Bell:

New inventions save \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and improved the life for many Americans.

**Big Business**

Corporation:

Profit is money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by a business after all the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of machinery, workers and raw materials are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Corporations could raise \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by selling lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to many people.

Shares are parts of business people own.

Competition:

When there is competition, a company has to keep prices \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ high to get consumers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its goods.

Companies with little competition may \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ prices or provide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ service.

Monopoly:

Monopoly is bad for business because there is NO \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep prices low and quality high.

**Workers’ Lives Change**

Mechanization is the use of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to do work.

Machines mean goods sold at a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_price than handmade.

More business hired more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to run the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Few factories had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ conditions and many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in accidents.

Factory workers were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ poorly. Anyone who complained could be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Labor Unions:

Labor Unions fought:

- for better \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

- safer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ conditions

- shifts with less \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or shorter workdays

- stop hiring \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Unions began to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or refuse to work if businesses didn’t change conditions

**Immigrants in America**

Immigrants moved to America looking for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and to escape \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Persecution:

Most Europeans settled on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ side of the U.S. where Asians settled on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ side of the U.S.

Immigrants entered the eastern U.S. through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in New York, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the San Francisco Bay in the western side of the U.S.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ immigrants were persecuted more than European \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Many immigrants formed neighborhoods based on their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ethnic Group:

Many were paid so poorly, they lived in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which are poorly built apartment buildings. They were overcrowded, no windows or running water, and families shared one small apartment.

Immigrants faced prejudice because many Americans were afraid they were taking their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the factory because they worked hard for less pay.

**Growing Cities**

Cities began to become extremely crowded to find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in factories.

Many moved from rural areas because farms needed fewer workers due to new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that increased productivity.

Many cities were near areas with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ routes.

Chicago grew due to its location as factories boomed and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, where animals were kept until needed for food.

Chicago had the first \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or tall building.

Steel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ frames and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wires helped cities grow more rapidly.

Since more people were in the city, they developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to move people more quickly around the city.

With the growing city, many of the poor people lived in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or poorly constructed buildings.

People began assisting one another in the city. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ houses were developed which created clubs for boys and girls, provided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ care, and helped mothers.

**Time of Reform**

Progressives believed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ should make laws to protect \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Mukraker:

Upton Sinclair published a book called, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, about unsafe and dirty conditions.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ worked with Congress to pass laws to make food safer. The Pure Food and Drug Act and the Meat Inspection Act stated that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had to be made without harmful chemicals.